



REPORT

CONFIDENTIAL

APPROVED

VERSION 1.0

INTERCONNECTION GRID CODE FOR THE PAN ARAB ELECTRICITY MARKET

METERING CODE

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MC 1 INTRODUCTION

J¹. Introduction to the **Metering Code**. Setting out the technical specifications and standards for the **Metering** of the energy flow at custody transfer points between control areas for fiscal purposes and for operational purposes.

- MC 1.1.1 In the building of an efficient integrated **PAEM**, the **Metering Code** is fundamental in outlining a set of minimum requirements for the **Metering** responsible parties operating in the **PAEM**.
- MC 1.1.2 In **PAEM**, **Metering Data** from **TSOs** are required for the accurate settlement of the traded electricity. This **Code** sets the technical references (standards) for the measurement of power and energy import and export flows at each **Connection Point** identified as custody transfer points between the participating **TSO**s.
- MC 1.1.3 The **Metering Code** specifies the minimum technical, design and operational criteria to be complied with for the accurate **Meter**ing of each **Interchange Point** of energy between **TSOs**, or **Non-PAEM TSOs**. The **Metering** at the **Interchange Points** is required for the accurate accounting for fiscal purposes and for the accounting of inadvertent deviations in meeting the **Scheduling & Dispatch Code**.
- MC 1.1.4 The Metering Code also specifies requirements for the associated PAEM Data and Operational Data related to Metering procedures required for the compliant operation of the Pan Arab Settlement Responsible Party, by the Market Secretariat, as governed by PAEM for the PAEM Electricity System.
- MC 1.1.5 The **Metering Code** is not concerned with:
 - a) **Metering** of **Connection Points** between **Grid Users** and national **Electricity Systems**, and
 - b) **Metering** for national commercial purposes.
- MC 1.1.6 These **Metering Systems** are subject to **National Grid Codes** or regulations and/or power purchase agreements.
- MC 1.1.7 Further, the **Metering Code** is not concerned with:
 - a) The method to handle **Data Exchange** from **TSO**s or other **PAEM Participants**; and,

¹ J. : Justification

b) The responsibilities of the Market Secretariat in relation to the storage of Metering Data and the provision of the Common Information to Grid Users.

These areas of responsibility are subject to the **Data Exchange Code** and **PAEM** Policies.





MC 2 OBJECTIVE

J. The **Metering Code** establishes i) the applicable standards in the **Metering Equipment** in full; ii) the accuracy requirements and continuous activities to maintain the accuracy; iii) the approvals and certification requirements; iv) the Data responsibilities; v) the parties with which the **Metering Code** requirements apply to.

MC 2.1.1 The objective of the **Metering Code** is both to outline common principles, and specify minimum technical and design requirements, as well as establish the basic rules around the data collection for the **TSOs** and other actors in the **PAEM**.

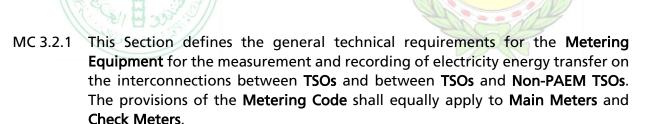




MC 3 TECHNICAL, DESIGN AND OPERATIONAL CRITERIA

J. The fiscal Metering Equipment shall reliably record and store the relevant data in fiveminute intervals at custody transfer points with other Control Areas or External Systems. The operational Metering shall in real-time serve as the primary source of data between the relevant TSOs.

- MC 3.1.1 Metering Equipment shall be installed and maintained to measure and record the hourly active and reactive energy and active and reactive power transferred to and from a Control Area at its IP with other Control Areas and/or external Electricity System. This Metering Equipment will be the primary source of data for TSOs and the PAEM to account for inadvertent deviations.
- MC 3.1.2 **TSOs** are responsible for the maintenance and operation of the **Metering Equipment** at each **Defined Metering Point** (**DMP**) and shall be responsible for the initial design, installation, testing and commissioning of the **Metering** and **Check Meters**.
- MC 3.1.3 Metering Equipment, including Check Meters, procured, installed, operated and maintained for the purpose of the Metering Code shall meet the accuracy standards in relation to Meters and Metering Equipment as set out in this Metering Code.
- MC 3.2 General Technical Criteria



MC 3.2.2 The **TSOs** shall establish **Metering** related policies, **Codes Of Practice**, and procedures based on common standards including, but not limited to, registration in the **Metering Database**, testing and certification, sealing, loss adjustments, data security, inspection, testing and audit of **Metering Equipment** and measurement error correction.

MC 4 LEGAL FOUNDATION

J. The foundation of the metrology with agreed common standards and specifications is fundamental for the entire basis of the market principles.

- MC 4.1.1 The legal foundation is fundamental to ensure the accurate, proper and correct billing for the **TSO** members. The **Metering Code** outlines the requirements to ensure the application of uniform standards, specifications and outlines requirements for **Codes of Practice** underpinning the validity of data for billing purposes.
- MC 4.1.2 It is essential to ensure that **Member States** recognize and respect the **Information** and agree on the use of common standards, supporting the **PAEM**.
- MC 4.1.3 The rules and obligations, as required for the **TSOs**, are set out in the **General Conditions**, including the framework to revise and adjust the **Codes** over time.

MC 4.2 Applicable Metering Systems Standards

MC 4.2.1 The IEC Metering accuracy standards for Metering at the highest accuracy level are proposed, for both Main and Check Meters. The highest accuracy CT and VT standards are proposed. Standards internally recognized with a legal bearing for the best possible metrology accuracy for the Metering Code references are suggested. The Member States may not all nationally recognize the IEC standards nor have completed their legal ratification. The standards as refenced in MC 11 outline the recommended standards.

MC 5 METER INFORMATION REGISTER

J. The Metering in the PAEM is proposed to be undertaken with the interconnection entity in full being the legally and active responsible Party for all Metering from specifications; purchase; ownership carrying over into operations and verification and maintenance. This includes detailed and transparent asset management of all components in the Metering System, but not limited to all equipment documentation, certification and commissioning test reports. Further, the auxiliary consumption at the custody transfer points at the Interconnection equipment shall be separately measured and accounted for.

- MC 5.1.1 The **Metering Database** in both the national **TSOs** and the **PAEM Market Secretariat** shall maintain a **Meter Information Register** of all **Meters**. This register will contain but not be limited to:
 - a) A unique **Meter** identification/serial number.
 - b) The location of the Main Meters, Check Meters and Metering Equipment including Metering Data recording systems.
 - c) The identification of the concerned **TSO**.
 - d) Meter manufacturer, type and model.
 - e) The specification of **Metering Equipment**, including accuracy class.
 - f) CT manufacturer's certificates.
 - g) VT manufacturer's certificates.
 - h) The adjustment factors per Meter, including circuit losses to be applied;
 - i) Detailed, as installed, documentation.
 - j) Date of installation.
 - k) Date of commissioning, and
 - I) Accuracy verification certificates.
- MC 5.1.2 The **TSOs** and any other **non-PAEM TSOs** are obligated to share the **Information** for the permanent record keeping of the **Market Secretariat**.
- MC 5.1.3 The **General Conditions** shall always outline the guidelines and procedures to ensure up to date record keeping at all times.

MC 5.2 Main and Check Metering

- MC 5.2.1 **Main** and **Check Meters** shall be of different makes and shall be of identical accuracy class.
- MC 5.2.2 Main and Check Meters shall be connected to separate CT and VT windings. The operation of Main and Check Meters shall be separate in support of the scenarios of one being defective or out of service.
- MC 5.2.3 At all Actual Metering Points, continuous Main and Check Metering reading services shall be provided. Main and Check Meters shall operate from separate CT and VT windings.
- MC 5.2.4 CT and VT windings and cables connecting such windings to both **Main Meters** and **Check Meters** shall be dedicated for such purposes and such cables and connections shall be securely sealed.

MC 5.3 Measurement Parameters

- MC 5.3.1 For each Actual Metering Point, the Metering Equipment, Main and Check Meters separately, shall be capable of measuring the following parameters in both import and export directions: MW, MVAR, MWh and MVARh. Data shall be provided by the TSO to the Market Secretariat in line with the requirements laid out in the Data Exchange Code.
- MC 5.3.2 For the purposes of the **PAEM**, the data shall be available with the time resolution of five minutes.
- MC 5.3.3 All **Metering Equipment** shall comply with the provisions set out in the **Metering Code**. These provisions may be revised from time to time in accordance with the provisions set out in the **General Conditions** to take account of changing technologies or new requirements of the electricity industry.
- MC 5.3.4 A CT, in accordance with the CT standard, and a VT, in accordance with the VT standard, shall be provided for **Metering** as required.
- MC 5.3.5 Where a combined unit measurement transformer (VT and CT) is provided, the "Tests for Accuracy" in the combined CT/VT covering mutual influence effects shall be met.

- MC 5.3.6 The **Meters**' cumulative registers may not rollover more than once within a year of operation.
- MC 5.3.7 Further to the measurement units, additional power quality parameters may be requested either from the **Main** and **Check Meters** or from separate power quality **Metering Systems**. These may be asked either for a **Bilateral Data Exchange** or in an agreed **Multilateral Data Exchange**. Details are left to the **Member States**.





MC 6 EQUIPMENT ACCURACY AND ERROR LIMITS

J. The accuracy shall be the highest technically possible. The specifications to be applied for acceptable limits are presented in MC 11 ANNEX A – Application of Standards. The details covering the **Meter**ing systems' installations; the details of combined **CT** & **VT** and test, including detailed commissioning, and relevant Codes of Practices as should apply, are all outside the scope of the **Metering Code**.

MC 6.1.1 The accuracy of the various items of **Metering Equipment** shall conform to the relevant IEC standards or equivalent national standards where agreed between the **TSOs** concerned. The accuracy limits set out in the **Metering Code** shall be applied after adjustments have been applied to **Metering Equipment** for compensation of the introduction of any errors due to any secondary equipment and connections. The accuracy of **Meters** shall be verified by an independent accredited agency approved by the **Market Secretariat** for this purpose. The agency shall provide an accuracy verification certificate with a validity expiry date.

MC 6.2 Voltage Transformers (VT)

MC 6.2.1 VTs shall be of the highest commercially available accuracy class and comprise three (3) single phase units, each of which complying, at a minimum, with the provisions of the referenced VT Standard.

MC 6.3 Current Transformers (CT)

MC 6.3.1 The CTs shall be of the highest commercially available accuracy class and comprise three (3) units for a three-phase set, each of which complying, at a minimum, with the provisions of the referenced CT standard.

MC 6.4 Meters

- MC 6.4.1 **Meters** shall be of the three-element type independent for each phase, rated as appropriate and shall be complying, at a minimum, with the requirements of the **Meter** standard.
- MC 6.4.2 In addition to the meter standard, the **Meters** shall measure and locally display at least the MW, MWh, MVAR, MVARh, and cumulative demand. Additional features in support of the **Code**s **of Practice**, maintenance records, and power quality monitoring are desirable.

- MC 6.4.3 **Meters** shall be digital and shall separately measure and store all parameters bidirectionally.
- MC 6.4.4 It is desirable that **Meters** fulfill the industry practice of rack-mounted **Meters**, allowing for automatic CT shorting ("Essailec test blocks") following a **Meter** removal.
- MC 6.4.5 All requirements shall be fulfilled by **Main** and **Check Meters** separately, reference Section MC 5.2 above.
- MC 6.4.6 A cumulative register of the parameters measured shall be available on the internal storage facilities of the digital **Meters** for a minimum of thirty (30) calendar days with five (5) minute values. The loss of auxiliary supply to the **Metering Equipment** shall not erase these registers.
- MC 6.4.7 The registers in both Main and Check Meters shall be readable by the TSO's Data Collection System (DCS) via the Pan Arab Communication Network. The minimum dataset from the DCS shall be shared in real-time with Market Secretariat utilizing the provisions of the Data Exchange Code.
- MC 6.4.8 It is desirable that the TSO's SCADA shall read the Meters' registers and that the additional Information be shared either Bilaterally or Multilaterally from the TSO's DCS or SCADA.
- MC 6.4.9 Compensation for Measurement Transformer Error
- MC 6.4.9.1 All **Meters** shall be compensated for the errors of their associated measurement transformers and the leads to/from the **Meters**.
- MC 6.4.9.2 The compensation calculations, and the values applied to the **Meters** shall be recorded by the **TSO** and shall be made available, along with the latest **Meter** and measurement transformer test certificates, for the **Market Secretariat** at the time of commissioning and both normal operational activities and in case of any abnormality.
- MC 6.4.9.3 Such compensations shall be achieved within the Meter by either:
 - a) A single calculated error or 'offset' which is a single error programmed into the **Meter** which is applied internally at defined test points on the error curve; or
 - b) A series of calculated errors programmed into the **Meter** for each test point on the error curve and applied as such by the **Meter**.

- MC 6.4.9.4 Where the Actual Metering Point and the DMP do not coincide, then the Metering System does not comply with the Metering Code. Where justified and approved in line with the General Conditions, a dispensation may be granted which will require compensation for power transformer and/or line losses to be submitted and applied to meet the overall accuracy at the DMP.
- MC 6.4.9.5 The compensation may be achieved either within the **Metering Equipment** or by software within the **Data Exchange** System.





MC 7 INSPECTION, TESTING AND ACCURACY VERIFICATION

J. The Metering Code outlines the principles serving initial commissioning and ongoing verification business procedures. The details within the Codes of Practice, covering the installations, the details of combined CT & VT and test, including commissioning, are for consideration in National Metering Codes.

MC 7.1 Commissioning

- MC 7.1.1 All new **Meters** shall undergo relevant certification tests, and initial accuracy verification of **Meters** shall be performed in a recognized test facility. These tests shall be performed in accordance with the relevant IEC standards and shall confirm that the **Meter** accuracy is within the limits stated in Section MC 6.4.2 of the **Metering Code**. A unique identifiable accuracy verification record shall be provided before the connection is commissioned.
- MC 7.1.2 VTs and CTs shall be tested in accordance with the relevant IEC standards prior to installation at the Actual Metering Point. The TSO shall provide the manufacturers' test certificates for CTs, VTs and Meters in line with the requirements for the Metering Database.
- MC 7.1.3 The commissioning shall include a system commissioning covering the operation of data collection from Main and Check Meters from both DMP.
- MC 7.1.4 The tests shall be undertaken for both import and export to the satisfaction of both the **TSOs** engaged in each connection.

MC 7.2 Periodic Activities

- MC 7.2.1 The **TSO** responsible and accountable as owner of **Metering Equipment** shall undertake accuracy verification testing upon request by the **PAEM Market Secretariat** or another TSO. In addition, **TSOs** shall carry out routine Accuracy Verification of the **Meter** systems every three (3) years, and the connections for the CTs and VTs shall be checked every five (5) years.
- MC 7.2.2 The individual **Meters** shall be accuracy verified in an accredited laboratory every ten (10) years from the date of commissioning, or upon the expiry of the accuracy certificate supplied by the manufacturer, whichever is earlier.

- MC 7.2.3 If the **Meters** have been adjusted to compensate for errors in the CTs and VTs, then the CTs, VTs, and their connections, shall be checked at the same periodicity as the **Meters**.
- MC 7.2.4 Where, following a test, the accuracy of the **Metering Equipment** is shown not to comply with the requirements of this **Metering Code**, the **TSO** shall take such measures as are required to restore the accuracy of the **Metering System** Equipment to the required standard.
- MC 7.2.5 The cost of routine testing shall be borne by the **TSO**, as owner of the **Metering Equipment**.
- MC 7.2.6 The cost of accuracy verification tests shall be borne by the **Party** requesting the test unless the test shows the accuracy of the **Metering Equipment** does not comply with the requirements of the **Metering Code**; in which case the cost of the tests shall be borne by the **TSO** responsible and accountable.
- MC 7.2.7 **TSOs** shall ensure that all **Metering Equipment** at **DMP**s are physically inspected and a physical data reading is undertaken not less than once every three (3) months. The purpose of this activity is to reconcile cumulative register readings on site with readings collected remotely. Physical checks shall be carried out at the same time to identify such things as missing seals or damage or any other issues for concern as may be raised.
- MC 7.2.8 Where a Metering Equipment is found to be faulty or to be non-compliant with the Metering Code, the Arab TSO's Committee and the concerned TSO or Non-PAEM TSO parties affected shall be informed of the failure or non-compliance promptly. Such notification shall include the plans by the concerned TSO to restore the Metering Equipment to ensure compliance with the Metering Code.
- MC 7.2.9 The Market Secretariat shall be informed, alongside the Arab TSO's Committee of any Metering System non-compliance. In cooperation with the affected TSOs, the Market Secretariat shall assess the duration of the period where the Metering Equipment has been faulty. For the duration of that period, recorded data from the Check Meter shall be used.

MC 7.3 Data Collection

MC 7.3.1 The **TSOs** shall collect all data relating to the parameters measured by the **Metering Equipment** at **DMP**s by remote or manual on-site interrogation, in accordance with the terms of this **Metering Code**. For the purposes of remote interrogation, the **TSO** responsible and accountable may use its own data communications network. Failing this, it shall enter into, manage, and monitor

contracts to provide for the maintenance of all data links by which data is passed to the **TSO** and to the **Market Secretariat** in line with the provisions in the **Data Exchange Code**. In the event of any fault or failure on such communication links or any error or omission in such data, the **TSO** shall, if possible, retrieve such data by manual on-site interrogation.

MC 7.4 Security

MC 7.4.1 Each **TSO**, as the owner of the **Metering Equipment** at the **DMP**s, shall ensure that the equipment itself is sealed and that any links and secondary circuits are sealed, where practically possible. The seals shall only be broken in the presence of representatives of the **Market Secretariat** and the **TSO** responsible and accountable, unless agreed otherwise by the parties involved.





MC 8 DISPUTES

J. Disputes concerning the **Metering Code**, or any details related to any discrepancy caused by a failure in the data shall be dealt with in accordance with the procedures set out in the **PAEM Agreement**.

MC 8.1.1 Disputes concerning this **Metering Code** shall be dealt with following the procedures set out in **PAEM Agreement**.





MC 9 METER DATA CONFIDENTIALITY

J. Collected data are confidential in nature. The data related to the **Metered** units for the market shall be shared with the participants subject to the details as laid out in the **Data Exchange Code**. Data, as related to the performance and operations of the interconnected system, are sensitive and are subject to separate procedures for data sharing, as detailed in the **Data Exchange Code**.

- MC 9.1.1 **Metering Data** may be commercially sensitive and confidential and appropriate measures shall be taken to ensure that the **Meter** data cannot be divulged, or obtained, by third parties.
- MC 9.1.2 The usage policies for the appropriate sharing of data are for the Market Secretariat to propose to the Arab TSOs' Committee.





MC 10 OPERATIONAL METERING

J. Operational **Metering** serves to support the real-time operation of the **Transmission System**. The operational **Metering** is focused on the real-time **Information** for the Interconnection, with **Operational Data** passed on to the respective **TSOs** for the different **Control Areas**, sharing data among **TSOs**' **SCADA**.

- MC 10.1.1 An operational **Metering System** is required to support real-time operation of the **PAEM**. Because operational requirements differ from Interchange **Metering** requirements, the operational **Metering System** does not necessarily have the same requirements for accuracy of measurement.
- MC 10.1.2 However, timely operational **Metering Data** is critical for the efficient, safe and timely operation of the **PAEM** Interconnected Transmission System.
- MC 10.1.3 **TSO**s are encouraged to Bilaterally agree on the types of **Operational Data** subject to **Real-Time Data Exchange** and shall ensure that appropriate systems in support of this are in place.





MC 11 ANNEX A – APPLICATION OF STANDARDS

The foundation of the **Metering Code** is based on internationally agreed and applied standards. It is recommended to apply the IEC standards that are in force, as agreed by the **PAEM** working group from time to time. The Technical Committee 38 under IEC is currently reviewing the Instrumentation Transformer standards; the national standardization bodies are encouraged to stay aware of the developments.

It is advised to ensure that the accuracy is the best possible at the time of selection, if industry solutions are exceeding the standards.

The revisions and updates of any standards or **Codes of Practice** shall apply forward looking only and shall not require changes to existing commissioned solutions.

Any change of standard or **Codes Of Practice**, as may be decided in the relevant **PAEM** working group, may lead to the consideration of adaptations, changes and updates of the existing assets as part of the scheduled and normal operational and maintenance life cycles, based on mutually agreed economic and operational merits.

As regards this case, the standards are provided in Table MC 1 and they represent the most updated ones at the time of writing of this **Code**.

In case of any change on the international standards, or subject to agreement in the relevant **PAEM** working group, the latest updated and agreed available references shall prevail on the contents of the table below:

Table MC 1. International standards to be adopted in the Metering Code			
Ref. in the Code	Reference international standard		
CT Standard	IEC 61869 series, or later, as legally approved.		
VT Standard	IEC 61869 series, or later, as legally approved.		
Combined CT/VT	IEC 61869 series, or later, as legally approved.		
Meter Standard	IEC 62056 series, or later, as legally approved.		